**Topics: Normal distribution, Functions of Random Variables**

1. The time required for servicing transmissions is normally distributed with *μ* = 45 minutes and *σ* = 8 minutes. The service manager plans to have work begin on the transmission of a customer’s car 10 minutes after the car is dropped off and the customer is told that the car will be ready within 1 hour from drop-off. What is the probability that the service manager cannot meet his commitment?
2. 0.3875
3. 0.2676
4. 0.5
5. 0.6987

Ans- We have a normal distribution with *μ* = 45 and *σ*= 8.0.

Let X be the amount of time it takes to complete the repair on a customer's car.

To finish in one hour you must have X ≤ 50 so the question is to find Pr(X > 50).

Pr(X > 50) = 1 - Pr(X ≤ 50).

Z = (X - )/ = (X - 45)/8.0

Thus the question can be answered by using the normal table to find

Pr(X ≤ 50) = Pr(Z ≤ (50 - 45)/8.0) = Pr(Z ≤ 0.625)=73.4%

Probability that the service manager will not meet his demand will be = 100-73.4 = 26.6% or 0.2676

**Ans. B) 0.2676**

1. The current age (in years) of 400 clerical employees at an insurance claims processing center is normally distributed with mean *μ* = 38 and Standard deviation *σ* =6. For each statement below, please specify True/False. If false, briefly explain why.
2. More employees at the processing center are older than 44 than between 38 and 44.
3. A training program for employees under the age of 30 at the center would be expected to attract about 36 employees.

**Ans. Given :**The current age (in years) of 400 clerical employees at an insurance claims processing center is normally distributed with mean 38 & SD = 6 **To find :** True/False. for A. More employees at the processing center are older than 44 than between 38 and 44. B. A training program for employees under the age of 30 at the center would be expected to attract about 36 employees

**Solution:** Mean = 38 SD = 6

Z score = (Value - Mean)/SD

Z score for 44  = (44 - 38)/6  = 1  =>  84.13 %

=> People above 44 age = 100 - 84.13 =  15.87%  ≈  63    out of 400

Z score for 38  = (38 - 38)/6 = 0 => 50%

Hence People between 38 & 44  age = 84.13 - 50 = 34.13 % ≈  137 out of 400

Hence More employees at the processing center are older than 44 than between 38 and 44. is F**ALSE**

Z score for 30  = (30 - 38)/6 =  -1.33  =  9.15  %   ≈ 36 out of 400

Hence **A training program for employees under the age of 30 at the center would be expected to attract about 36 employee is True.**

1. If *X1* ~ *N*(μ, σ2) and *X*2 ~ *N*(μ, σ2) are *iid* normal random variables, then what is the difference between 2 *X*1 and *X*1 + *X*2? Discuss both their distributions and parameters.

**Ans**: As we know that if X ∼ N(µ1, σ1^2 ), and Y ∼ N(µ2, σ2^2 ) are two independent random variables then

X + Y ∼ N(µ1 + µ2, σ1^2 + σ2^2 ) , and X − Y ∼ N(µ1 − µ2, σ1^2 + σ2^2 ) .

Similarly if Z = aX + bY , where X and Y are as defined above, i.e Z is linear combination of X and Y , then Z ∼ N(aµ1 + bµ2, a^2σ1^2 + b^2σ2^2 ).

Therefore in the question distributions & parameters

2X1~ N(2 u,4 σ^2) and

X1+X2 ~ N(µ + µ, σ^2 + σ^2 ) ~ N(2 u, 2σ^2 )

2X1-(X1+X2) = N( 4µ,6 σ^2)

1. Let X ~ N(100, 202). Find two values, *a* and *b*, symmetric about the mean, such that the probability of the random variable taking a value between them is 0.99.
2. 90.5, 105.9
3. 80.2, 119.8
4. 22, 78
5. 48.5, 151.5
6. 90.1, 109.9

Ans. Since we need to find out the values of a and b, which are symmetric about the mean,such that the probability of random variable taking a value between them is 0.99, we have to work out in reverse order.

The Probability of getting value between a and b should be 0.99.

So the Probability of going wrong, or the Probability outside the a and b area is 0.01 (ie. 1-0.99).

The Probability towards left from a = -0.005 (ie. 0.01/2).

The Probability towards right from b = +0.005 (ie. 0.01/2).

So since we have the probabilities of a and b, we need to calculate X, the random variable at a and b which has got these probabilities.

By finding the Standard Normal Variable Z (Z Value), we can calculate the X values.

Z=(X- μ) / σ

For Probability 0.005 the Z Value is -2.57 (from Z Table).

Z \* σ + μ = X

Z(-0.005)\*20+100 = -(-2.57)\*20+100 = 151.4

Z(+0.005)\*20+100 = (-2.57)\*20+100 = 48.6

So, option D is correct.

**Ans: D) 48.5, 151.5**

1. Consider a company that has two different divisions. The annual profits from the two divisions are independent and have distributions Profit1 ~ N(5, 32) and Profit2 ~ N(7, 42) respectively. Both the profits are in $ Million. Answer the following questions about the total profit of the company in Rupees. Assume that $1 = Rs. 45
2. Specify a Rupee range (centered on the mean) such that it contains 95% probability for the annual profit of the company.
3. Specify the 5th percentile of profit (in Rupees) for the company
4. Which of the two divisions has a larger probability of making a loss in a given year?